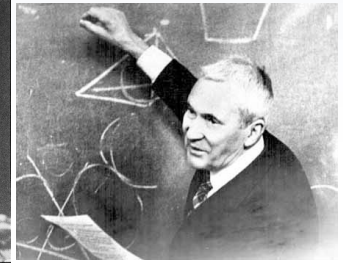
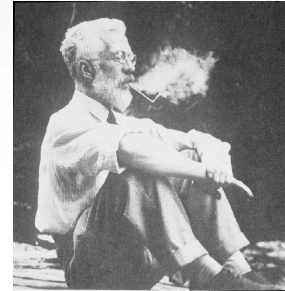
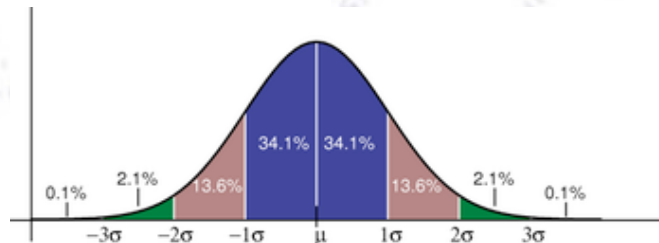


# Applied ML

## Loss Functions & Stochastic Gradient Descent



Troels C. Petersen (NBI)



*"Statistics is merely a quantisation of common sense - Machine Learning is a sharpening of it!"*

# What loss function to use?

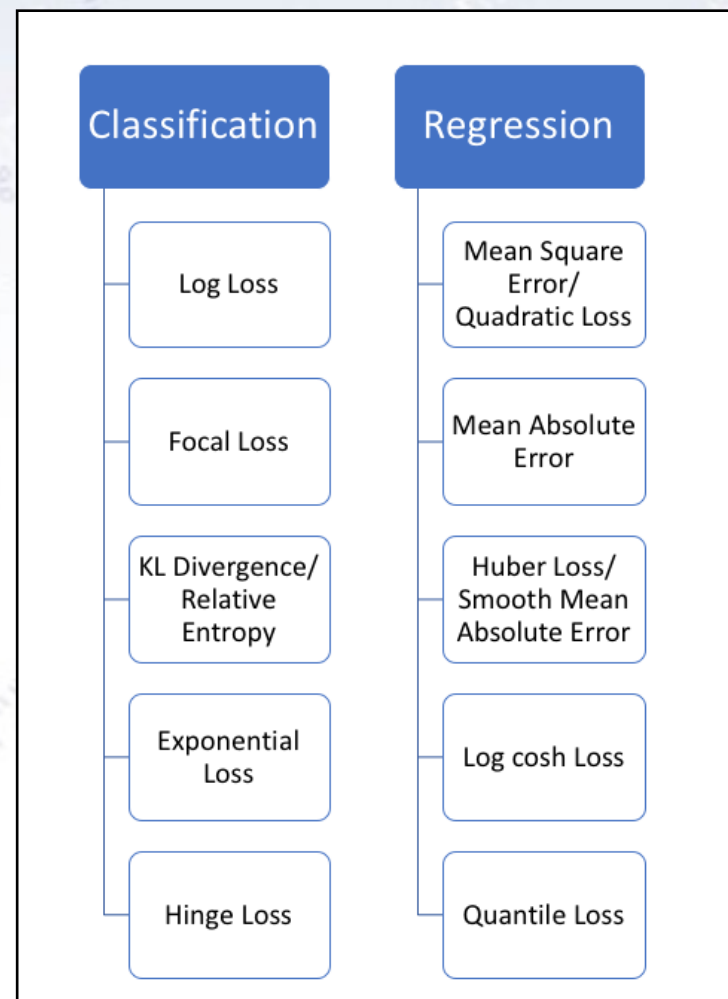
The choice of loss function depends on the problem at hand, and in particular what you find important!

## In classification:

- Do you care how wrong the wrong are?
- Do you want pure signal or high efficiency?
- Does it matter what type of errors you make?

## In regression:

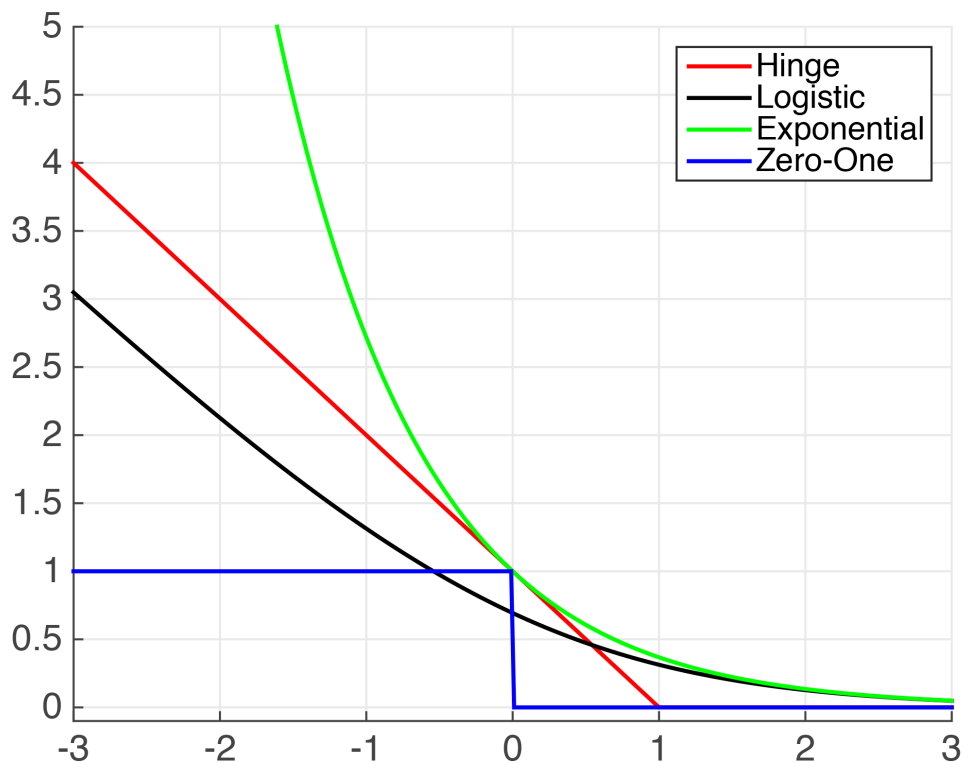
- Do you care about outliers?
- Do you care about size of outliers?
- Is core resolution vital?



# What loss function to use?

The choice of loss function depends on the problem at hand, and in particular what you find important!

## Loss functions for classification



## Classification

Log Loss

Focal Loss

KL Divergence/  
Relative  
Entropy

Exponential  
Loss

Hinge Loss

## Regression

Mean Square  
Error/  
Quadratic Loss

Mean Absolute  
Error

Huber Loss/  
Smooth Mean  
Absolute Error

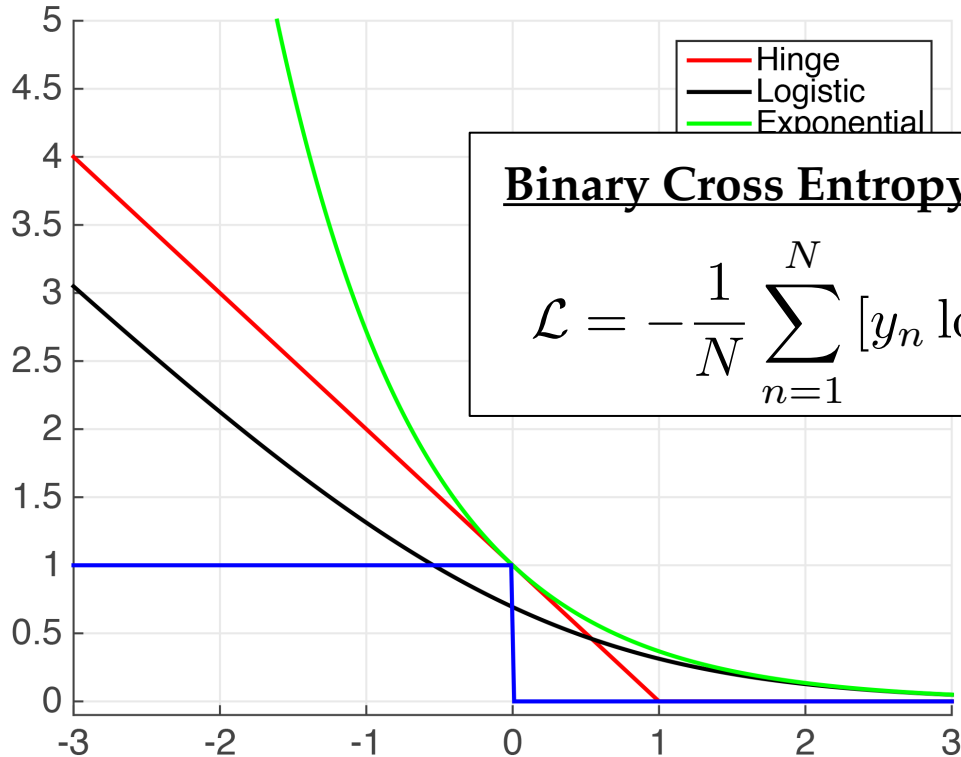
Log cosh Loss

Quantile Loss

# What loss function to use?

The choice of loss function depends on the problem at hand, and in particular what you find important!

Loss functions for classification



**Binary Cross Entropy (aka. LogLoss or Logistic Loss):**

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N [y_n \log \hat{y}_n + (1 - y_n) \log(1 - \hat{y}_n)]$$

Classification

Regression

Log Loss

Mean Square Error/  
Quadratic Loss

Relative Entropy

Smooth Mean Absolute Error

Exponential Loss

Log cosh Loss

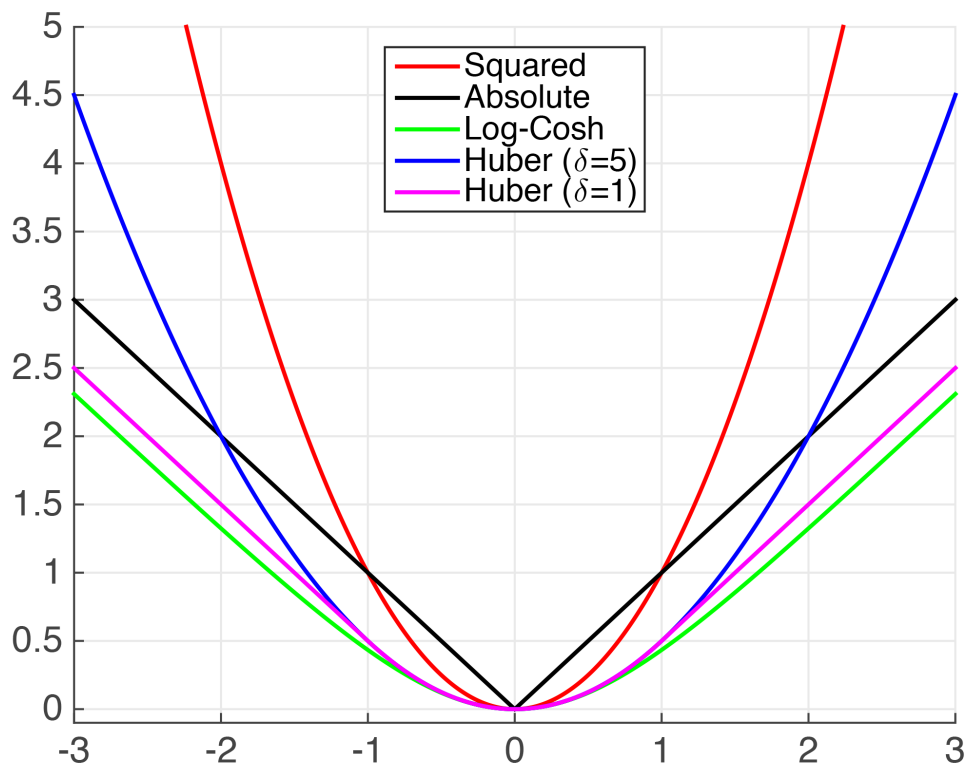
Hinge Loss

Quantile Loss

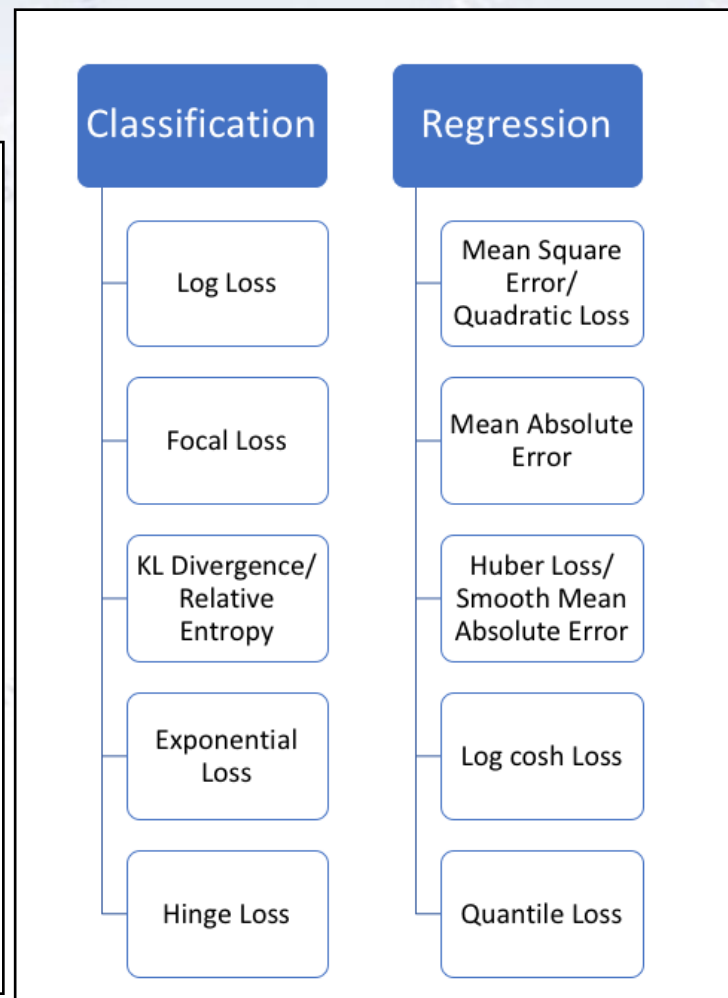
# What loss function to use?

The choice of loss function depends on the problem at hand, and in particular what you find important!

## Loss functions for regression



Discussion of regression loss functions



# What loss function to use?

The choice of loss function depends on the problem at hand, and in particular what you find important!

## In classification:

- Do you care how wrong the wrong are?
- Do you want pure signal or high efficiency?
- Does it matter what type of errors you make?

## In regression:

- Do you care about outliers?
- Do you care about size of outliers?
- Is core resolution vital?

Ultimately, the loss function should be tailored to match the wishes of the user. This is however not always that simple, as this might be hard to even know!

